Annex A

Methodology for Estimating Emissions of CO₂ from Fossil Fuel Combustion

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions from fossil fuel combustion were estimated using a "bottom-up" methodology characterized by six steps. These steps are described below.

Step 1: Determine Energy Consumption by Fuel Type and Sector

The bottom-up methodology used by the United States for estimating CO₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion is conceptually similar to the approach recommended by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) for countries that intend to develop detailed, sectoral-based emission estimates (IPCC/UNEP/OECD/IEA 1997). Basic consumption data are presented in Columns 2-8 of Table A-1 through Table A-8, with totals by fuel type in Column 8 and totals by end-use sector in the last rows. Fuel consumption data for the bottom-up approach were obtained directly from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) of the U.S. Department of Energy. The EIA data were collected through surveys at the point of delivery or use; therefore, they reflect the reported consumption of fuel by end-use sector and fuel type. Individual data elements were supplied by a variety of sources within EIA. Most information was taken from published reports, although some data were drawn from unpublished energy studies and databases maintained by EIA.

Energy consumption data were aggregated by end-use sector (i.e., residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, electric utilities, and U.S. territories), primary fuel type (e.g., coal, natural gas, and petroleum), and secondary fuel type (e.g., motor gasoline, distillate fuel, etc.). The 1997 total energy consumption across all sectors, including territories, and energy types was 80,469 trillion British thermal units (TBtu), as indicated in the last entry of Column 8 in Table A-1. This total includes fuel used for non-energy purposes and fuel consumed as international bunkers, both of which are deducted in later steps.

There are two modifications made in this report that may cause consumption information herein to differ from figures given in the cited literature. These are the consideration of synthetic natural gas production and ethanol added to motor gasoline.

First, a portion of industrial coal accounted for in EIA combustion figures is actually used to make "synthetic natural gas" via coal gasification. The energy in this gas enters the natural gas stream, and is accounted for in natural gas consumption statistics. Because this energy is already accounted for as natural gas, it is deducted from industrial coal consumption to avoid double counting. This makes the figure for other industrial coal consumption in this report slightly lower than most EIA sources.

Second, ethanol has been added to the motor gasoline stream for several years, but prior to 1993 this addition was not captured in EIA motor gasoline statistics. Starting in 1993, ethanol was included in gasoline statistics. However, because ethanol is a biofuel, which is assumed to result in no net CO_2 emissions, the amount of ethanol added is subtracted from total gasoline consumption. Thus, motor gasoline consumption statistics given in this report may be slightly lower than in EIA sources.

There are also three basic differences between the consumption figures presented in Table A-1 through Table A-8 and those recommended in the IPCC emission inventory methodology.

First, consumption data in the U.S. inventory are presented using higher heating values (HHV)¹ rather than the lower heating values (LHV)² reflected in the IPCC emission inventory methodology. This convention is followed because data obtained from EIA are based on HHV.

¹ Also referred to as Gross Calorific Values (GCV).

² Also referred to as Net Calorific Values (NCV).

Second, while EIA's energy use data for the United States includes only the 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia, the data reported to the Framework Convention on Climate Change are to include energy consumption within territories. Therefore, consumption estimates for U.S. territories were added to domestic consumption of fossil fuels. Energy consumption data from U.S. territories are presented in Column 7 of Table A-1. It is reported separately from domestic sectoral consumption, because it is collected separately by EIA with no sectoral disaggregation.

Third, the domestic sectoral consumption data in Table A-1 include bunker fuels used for international transport activities and non-energy uses of fossil fuels. The IPCC recommends that countries estimate emissions from bunker fuels separately and exclude these emissions from national totals, so bunker fuel emissions have been estimated in Table A-9 and deducted from national estimates (see Step 4). Similarly, fossil fuels used to produce non-energy products that store carbon rather than release it to the atmosphere are provided in Table A-10 and deducted from national emission estimates (see Step 3).

Step 2: Determine the Carbon Content of All Fuels

The carbon content of combusted fossil fuels was estimated by multiplying energy consumption (Columns 2 through 8 of Table A-1) by fuel-specific carbon content coefficients (see Table A-11 and Table A-12) that reflected the amount of carbon per unit of energy inherent in each fuel. The resulting carbon contents are sometimes referred to as potential emissions, or the maximum amount of carbon that could potentially be released to the atmosphere if all carbon in the fuels were converted to CO₂. The carbon content coefficients used in the U.S. inventory were derived by EIA from detailed fuel information and are similar to the carbon content coefficients contained in the IPCC's default methodology (IPCC/UNEP/OECD/IEA 1997), with modifications reflecting fuel qualities specific to the United States.

Step 3: Adjust for the amount of Carbon Stored in Products

Depending on the end-use, non-energy uses of fossil fuels can result in long term storage of some or all of the carbon contained in the fuel. For example, asphalt made from petroleum can sequester up to 100 percent of the carbon contained in the petroleum feedstock for extended periods of time. Other non-energy products, such as lubricants or plastics also store carbon, but can lose or emit some of this carbon when they are used and/or burned as waste.

The amount of carbon sequestered or stored by non-energy uses of fossil fuel products was based upon data that addressed the ultimate fate of various energy products, with all non-energy use attributed to the industrial, transportation, and territories end-use sectors. This non-energy consumption is presented in Table A-10. Non-energy consumption was then multiplied by fuel-specific carbon content coefficients (Table A-11 and Table A-12) to obtain the carbon content of the fuel, or the maximum amount of carbon that could be sequestered if all the carbon in the fuel were stored in non-energy products (Columns 5 and 6 of Table A-10). This carbon content was then multiplied by the fraction of carbon assumed to actually have been sequestered in products (Column 7 of Table A-10), resulting in the final estimates of carbon stored by sector and fuel type, which are presented in Columns 8 through 10 of Table A-10. The portions of carbon sequestered were based on EIA data.

Step 4: Subtract Carbon from Bunker Fuels.

Emissions from international transport activities, or bunker fuel consumption, were not included in national totals as recommended by the IPCC (IPCC/UNEP/OECD/IEA 1997). There is currently disagreement internationally as to how these emissions should be allocated, and until this issue is resolved, countries are asked to report them separately. EIA energy statistics, however, include bunker fuels—jet fuel, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil—as part of fuel consumption by the transportation sector. To compensate for this inclusion, bunker fuel emissions were calculated separately (see Table A-9) and the carbon content of these fuels was subtracted from the transportation sector. The calculations of bunker fuel emissions followed the same procedures used for other fuel emissions (i.e., estimation of consumption, determination of carbon content, and adjustment for the fraction of carbon not oxidized).

Step 5: Account for Carbon that Does Not Oxidize During Combustion

Because combustion processes are not 100 percent efficient, some of the carbon contained in fuels is not emitted to the atmosphere. Rather, it remains behind as soot, particulate matter, ash, or other by-products of inefficient combustion. The estimated fraction of carbon not oxidized in U.S. energy conversion processes due to inefficiencies during combustion ranges from 0.5 percent for natural gas to 1 percent for petroleum and coal. Except for coal these assumptions are consistent with the default values recommended by the IPCC (IPCC/UNEP/OECD/IEA 1997). In the U.S. unoxidized carbon from coal combustion was estimated to be no more than one percent (Bechtel 1993). Table A-11 presents fractions oxidized by fuel type, which are multiplied by the net carbon content of the combusted energy to give final emissions estimates.

Step 6: Summarize Emission Estimates

Actual CO₂ emissions in the United States were summarized by major fuel (i.e., coal, petroleum, natural gas, geothermal) and consuming sector (i.e., residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, electric utilities, and territories). Adjustments for bunker fuels and carbon sequestered in products were made. Emission estimates are expressed in terms of million metric tons of carbon equivalents (MMTCE).

To determine total emissions by final end-use sector, emissions from electric utilities were distributed to each end-use sector according to its share of electricity consumed (see Table A-13).

Table A-1: 1997 Energy Consumption Data and CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion by Fuel Type

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Cons	umption	(TBtu)			Emis	ssions (MM	TCE) inc	luding Ad Oxidized		* and Fra	ction
Fuel Type	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total
Residential Coal	55.1						55.1	1.4						1.4
Commercial Coal		83.1					83.1		2.1					2.1
Industrial Coking Coal			789.1				789.1			19.4				19.4
Industrial Other Coal			1,495.7				1,495.7			38.6				38.6
Coke Imports			18.2				18.2			0.5				0.5
Transportation Coal				0.0			0.0				0.0			0.0
Utility Coal					18,480.0		18,480.0					470.9		470.9
US Territory Coal (bit)						10.7	10.7						0.3	0.3
Total Coal	55.1	83.1	2,303.0	0.0	18,480.0	10.7	20,932	1.4	2.1	58.5	0.0	470.9	0.3	533.3
Natural Gas	5,145.6	3,373.1	10,285.5	731.5	3,039.7	NA	22,575	74.1	48.6	142.5	10.5	43.8	NA	319.4
Asphalt & Road Oil	0.0	0.0	1,223.6	0.0	0.0		1,223.6	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
Aviation Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0	39.7	0.0		39.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.7
Distillate Fuel Oil	943.5	491.6	1,142.9	4,637.8	88.3	112.8	7,417.0	18.6	9.7	22.1	90.0	1.7	2.2	144.5
Jet Fuel	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,308.2	0.0	73.4	3,381.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	49.4	0.0	1.4	50.8
Kerosene	90.6	26.9	18.8	0.0	0.0		136.3	1.8	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7
LPG	432.9	76.4	2,162.4	17.9	0.0	10.7	2,700.3	7.3	1.3	14.3	0.3	0.0	0.2	23.4
Lubricants	0.0	0.0	182.3	172.1	0.0	0.0	354.4	0.0	0.0	1.8	1.7	0.0	0.0	3.6
Motor Gasoline	0.0	18.8	207.5	15,048.9	0.0	144.7	15,419.9	0.0	0.4	4.0	288.3	0.0	2.8	295.4
Residual Fuel	0.0	117.2	272.2	747.3	691.5	175.5	2,003.7	0.0	2.5	5.7	4.8	14.7	3.7	31.4
Other Petroleum						115.9	115.9						2.1	2.1
AvGas Blend Components			9.1				9.1			0.2				0.2
Crude Oil			4.6				4.6			0.1				0.1
MoGas Blend Components			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Misc. Products			97.8				97.8			2.0				2.0
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)			536.4				536.4			2.4				2.4
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)			861.2				861.2			8.5				8.5
Pentanes Plus			328.9				328.9			1.7				1.7
Petrochemical Feedstocks			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Petroleum Coke			829.1		42.2		871.3			20.4		1.2		21.6
Still Gas			1,447.1				1,447.1			25.1				25.1
Special Naphtha			72.3				72.3			1.4				1.4
Unfinished Oils			(102.9)				(102.9)			(2.1)				(2.1)
Waxes			\ 43.7				43.7			`0.9				`0.9
Other Wax & Misc.			0.0				0.0			(2.8)				(2.8)
Total Petroleum	1,466.9	730.9	9,337.0	23,972.0	822.0	633.1	36,961.9	27.7	14.4	106.0	435.3	17.6	12.4	613.3
Geothermal	,		-,	- /-	0.019		0.019		_			0.038	_	0.038
TOTAL (All Fuels)	6,667.7	4,187.1	21,925.5	24,703.5	22,341.6	643.8	80,469.1	103.2	65.1	306.9	445.8	532.3	12.6	1,466.0
* ^ -1:									I-I- A 40\					

^{*}Adjustments include: international bunker fuel consumption (see Table A-9) and carbon stored in products (see Table A-10) NA (Not Available)

Table A-2: 1996 Energy Consumption Data and CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion by Fuel Type

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Cons	umption	(TBtu)			Emis	sions (MM		luding Ad Oxidized		s* and Fra	action
Fuel Type	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total
Residential Coal	55.1						55.1	1.4						1.4
Commercial Coal		83.1					83.1		2.1					2.1
Industrial Coking Coal			849.7				849.7			21.0				21.0
Industrial Other Coal			1,507.9				1,507.9			38.9				38.9
Coke Imports			(0.3)				(0.3)			(0.0)				(0.0)
Transportation Coal				0.0			0.0				0.0			0.0
Utility Coal					17,952.7		17,952.7					457.5		457.5
US Territory Coal (bit)						10.7	10.7						0.3	0.3
Total Coal	55.1	83.1	2,357.3	0.0		10.7	20,459	1.4	2.1	59.9	0.0	457.5	0.3	521.1
Natural Gas	5,382.9	3,243.5	10,393.7	733.7	2,797.7	NA	22,552	77.5	46.7	144.3	10.6	40.3	NA	319.3
Asphalt & Road Oil	0.0	0.0	1,175.9	0.0	0.0		1,175.9	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
Aviation Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.4	0.0		37.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.7
Distillate Fuel Oil	927.6	483.4	1,118.6	4,546.6	98.4	111.4	7,285.9	18.3	9.5	21.6	88.4	1.9	2.2	142.0
Jet Fuel	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,274.2	0.0	74.5	3,348.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	49.9	0.0	1.4	51.3
Kerosene	85.1	25.3	17.7	0.0	0.0		128.1	1.7	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5
LPG	428.2	75.6	2,138.9	17.7	0.0	10.1	2,670.5	7.2	1.3	14.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	22.9
Lubricants	0.0	0.0	172.5	163.0	0.0	0.0	335.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	1.6	0.0	0.0	3.4
Motor Gasoline	0.0	18.5	204.8		0.0	140.1	15,245.4	0.0	0.4	3.9	285.2	0.0	2.7	292.2
Residual Fuel	0.0	138.1	307.4	900.6	606.0	167.2	2,119.3	0.0	2.9	6.5	8.0	12.9	3.6	33.9
Other Petroleum						109.7	109.7						2.0	2.0
AvGas Blend Components			7.0				7.0			0.1				0.1
Crude Oil			13.7				13.7			0.3				0.3
MoGas Blend Components			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Misc. Products			89.0				89.0			1.8				1.8
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)			479.3				479.3			2.2				2.2
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)			729.6				729.6			7.2				7.2
Pentanes Plus			355.0				355.0			1.8				1.8
Petrochemical Feedstocks			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Petroleum Coke			836.5		20.5		857.0			20.2		0.6		20.8
Still Gas			1,437.1				1,437.1			24.9				24.9
Special Naphtha			74.5				74.5			1.5				1.5
Unfinished Oils			(112.8)				(112.8)			(2.3)				(2.3)
Waxes			48.7				48.7			1.0				1.0
Other Wax & Misc.			0.0				0.0			(2.7)				(2.7)
Total Petroleum	1,440.9	740.9	9,093.6	23,821.4	724.9	613.0	36,434.6	27.2	14.6	103.9	434.1	15.4	12.0	607.2
Geothermal					0.018		0.018					0.037		0.037
TOTAL (All Fuels)	6,878.9	4,067.5	21,844.6	24,555.0	21,475.3	623.7	79,445.0	106.1	63.4	308.1	444.7	513.2	12.2	1,447.7

Table A-3: 1995 Energy Consumption Data and CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion by Fuel Type

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Cons	umption	(TBtu)			Emis	sions (MM	TCE) inc	_	justments	s* and Fra	ection
Fuel Type	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Oxidized Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total
Residential Coal	53.7	00111111		1141101	Othinty		53.7	1.4	001111111	III GI	mano.	Othicy		1.4
Commercial Coal	55.7	81.0					81.0	1.4	2.1					2.1
Industrial Coking Coal		01.0	884.7				884.7			21.8				21.8
Industrial Other Coal			1,530.7				1,530.7			39.6				39.6
Coke Imports			26.4				26.4			0.7				0.7
Transportation Coal				0.0			0.0			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.0			0.0
Utility Coal					16,990.5		16,990.5					433.0		433.0
US Territory Coal (bit)					,	10.4	10.4						0.3	0.3
Total Coal	53.7	81.0	2.441.9	0.0	16,990.5	10.4	19,577	1.4	2.1	62.1	0.0	433.0	0.3	498.8
Natural Gas	4,981.3	3,112.9	10,108.6	722.0	3,276.4	NA	22,201	71.7	44.8	140.4	10.4	47.2	NA	314.5
Asphalt & Road Oil	0.0	0.0	1,178.2	0.0	0.0		1,178.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aviation Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0	39.6	0.0		39.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.7
Distillate Fuel Oil	893.1	470.3	1,119.3	4,244.4	90.7	121.8	6,939.5	17.6	9.3	21.6	82.2	1.8	2.4	134.9
Jet Fuel	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,132.2	0.0	79.2	3,211.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.6	0.0	1.5	49.1
Kerosene	71.7	21.5	18.7	0.0	0.0		111.8	1.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2
LPG	398.3	70.3	2,010.8	32.4	0.0	7.9	2,519.6	6.7	1.2	12.7	0.5	0.0	0.1	21.2
Lubricants	0.0	0.0	177.8	167.9	0.0	0.0	345.7	0.0	0.0	1.8	1.7	0.0	0.0	3.5
Motor Gasoline	0.0	25.8	196.7	14,586.4	0.0	137.8	14,946.7	0.0	0.5	3.8	279.9	0.0	2.6	286.7
Residual Fuel	0.0	168.9	371.5	870.0	544.4	180.6	2,135.3	0.0	3.6	7.8	7.1	11.6	3.8	34.0
Other Petroleum						71.2	71.2						1.3	1.3
AvGas Blend Components			5.3				5.3			0.1				0.1
Crude Oil			14.5				14.5			0.3				0.3
MoGas Blend Components			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Misc. Products			97.1				97.1			1.9				1.9
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)			373.0				373.0			1.7				1.7
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)			801.0				801.0			7.9				7.9
Pentanes Plus			337.9				337.9			1.7				1.7
Petrochemical Feedstocks			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Petroleum Coke			802.0		22.9		824.9			19.5		0.6		20.1
Still Gas			1,417.5				1,417.5			24.0				24.0
Special Naphtha			70.8				70.8			1.4				1.4
Unfinished Oils			(320.9)				(320.9)			(6.4)				(6.4)
Waxes			40.6				40.6			8.0				0.8
Other Wax & Misc.			0.0				0.0			(2.7)				(2.7)
Total Petroleum	1,363.0	756.8	8,711.6	23,072.9	658.0	598.5	35,160.8	25.7	15.0	98.2	419.7	14.0	11.8	584.4
Geothermal					0.016		0.016					0.033		0.033
TOTAL (All Fuels)	6,398.0	3,950.7	21,262.1	23,794.8		608.9	76,939.4	98.8	61.9	300.7	430.1	494.2	12.048	1,397.8

Table A-4: 1994 Energy Consumption Data and CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion by Fuel Type

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Cons	umption	(TBtu)			Emis	sions (MM	TCE) inc		justments	s* and Fra	action
Fuel Type	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Oxidized Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total
Residential Coal	55.5	-			•,		55.5	1.4						1.4
Commercial Coal	00.0	83.5					83.5		2.1					2.1
Industrial Coking Coal			850.6				850.6			21.0				21.0
Industrial Other Coal			1,589.4				1,589.4			41.1				41.1
Coke Imports			23.6				23.6			0.7				0.7
Transportation Coal				0.0			0.0				0.0			0.0
Utility Coal					16,895.2		16,895.2					430.2		430.2
US Territory Coal (bit)						10.3	10.3						0.3	0.3
Total Coal	55.5	83.5	2,463.7	0.0	16,895.2	10.3	19,508	1.4	2.1	62.7	0.0	430.2	0.3	496.7
Natural Gas	4,988.3	2,980.8	9,590.2	705.2	3,052.9	NA	21,317	71.8	42.9	133.1	10.2	44.0	NA	301.9
Asphalt & Road Oil	0.0	0.0	1,172.9	0.0	0.0		1,172.9	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
Aviation Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.1	0.0		38.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.7
Distillate Fuel Oil	0.088	464.3	1,108.8	4,175.0	95.2	101.4	6,824.7	17.4	9.2	21.4	80.9	1.9	2.0	132.8
Jet Fuel	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,154.5	0.0	77.2	3,231.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	48.8	0.0	1.5	50.3
Kerosene	64.9	19.5	16.9	0.0	0.0		101.3	1.3	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0
LPG	395.5	69.8	1,996.5	32.2	0.0	9.2	2,503.1	6.7	1.2	13.0	0.5	0.0	0.2	21.5
Lubricants	0.0	0.0	180.9	170.8	0.0	0.0	351.7	0.0	0.0	1.8	1.7	0.0	0.0	3.5
Motor Gasoline	0.0	25.2	191.9		0.0	131.5	14,562.7	0.0	0.5	3.7	273.7	0.0	2.5	280.4
Residual Fuel	0.0	174.6	417.6	896.0	846.6	171.3	2,506.0	0.0	3.7	8.8	4.8	18.0	3.6	39.0
Other Petroleum						72.7	72.7						1.3	1.3
AvGas Blend Components			6.1				6.1			0.1				0.1
Crude Oil			18.7				18.7			0.4				0.4
MoGas Blend Components			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Misc. Products			105.9				105.9			2.1				2.1
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)			398.3				398.3			1.8				1.8
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)			838.6				838.6			8.3				8.3
Pentanes Plus Petrochemical Feedstocks			338.7				338.7			2.4				2.4
			0.0		00.0		0.0			0.0		0.7		0.0
Petroleum Coke Still Gas			793.0		26.3		819.4			19.4		0.7		20.1
Special Naphtha			1,439.4				1,439.4			24.6				24.6
Unfinished Oils			81.1				81.1			1.6				1.6
Waxes			(279.2) 40.6				(279.2) 40.6			(5.6) 0.8				(5.6) 0.8
Other Wax & Misc.			0.0				40.6 0.0			(2.9)				
Total Petroleum	1,340.4	753.3	8,866.8	22 600 7	968.2	563.2	35,172.6	25.3	14.9	(2.9) 102.0	411.2	20.6	11.1	(2.9) 585.2
	1,340.4	155.5	0,000.8	22,680.7	968.2 0.024	303.2	0.024	25.3	14.9	102.0	411.2	20.6 0.049	11.1	0.049
Geothermal	6 204 2	2 047 0	20 020 7	22 205 2		E72 4		00.0	60.0	207.0	424.4		44 222	
TOTAL (All Fuels)	6,384.2	3,817.6	20,920.7	23,385.9	20,916.2	573.4	75,998.0	98.6	60.0	297.8	421.4	494.8	11.333	1,383.9

Table A-5: 1993 Energy Consumption Data and CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion by Fuel Type

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Cons	umption	(TBtu)			Emis	sions (MM		uding Adjı Oxidized	ustments	and Fra	ction
Fuel Type	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total
Residential Coal	56.6						56.6	1.5						1.5
Commercial Coal		85.5					85.5		2.2					2.2
Industrial Coking Coal			839.5				839.5			20.7				20.7
Industrial Other Coal			1,588.0				1,588.0			41.1				41.1
Coke Imports			17.3				17.3			0.5				0.5
Transportation Coal				0.0			0.0				0.0			0.0
Utility Coal					16,841.1		16,841.1					428.7		428.7
US Territory Coal (bit)						9.6	9.6						0.2	0.2
Total Coal	56.6	85.5	2,444.8	0.0	16,841.1	9.6	19,438	1.5	2.2	62.2	0.0	428.7	0.2	494.7
Natural Gas	5,097.5	2,995.8	9,419.6	643.1	2,744.1	NA	20,900	73.4	43.1	131.7	9.3	39.5	NA	297.0
Asphalt & Road Oil	0.0	0.0	1,149.0	0.0	0.0		1,149.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aviation Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.4	0.0	00.4	38.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.7
Distillate Fuel Oil	912.9	463.9	1,099.7	3,912.9	76.7	92.4	6,558.4	18.0	9.2	21.2	75.7	1.5	1.8	127.4
Jet Fuel	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,028.0	0.0	66.7	3,094.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	46.9	0.0	1.3	48.1
Kerosene	75.6	14.0	13.1	0.0	0.0	40.0	102.7	1.5	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0
LPG	398.6	70.3	1,794.4	18.9	0.0	12.8	2,295.1	6.7	1.2	12.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	20.5
Lubricants Motor Gasoline	0.0 0.0	0.0	173.1 179.4	163.5	0.0 0.0	0.0 116.0	336.5	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.6	1.7 3.5	1.6	0.0 0.0	0.0	3.4
Residual Fuel	0.0	29.6 175.0	451.8	14,000.5 913.4	938.6	153.7	14,325.5 2,632.5	0.0	3.7	3.5 9.5	269.3 2.4	20.0	2.2 3.3	275.5 38.9
Other Petroleum	0.0	175.0	451.6	913.4	936.6	83.3	2,032.5 83.3	0.0	3.7	9.5	2.4	20.0	ა.ა 1.5	36.9 1.5
AvGas Blend Components			0.1			03.3	03.3			0.0			1.5	0.0
Crude Oil			21.2				21.2			0.0				0.0
MoGas Blend Components			0.0				0.0			0.4				0.4
Misc. Products			94.7				94.7			1.9				1.9
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)			350.6				350.6			1.6				1.6
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)			844.1				844.1			8.3				8.3
Pentanes Plus			332.3				332.3			2.0				2.0
Petrochemical Feedstocks			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Petroleum Coke			767.3		36.8		804.1			18.9		1.0		19.9
Still Gas			1,430.2		00.0		1,430.2			24.4		1.0		24.4
Special Naphtha			104.6				104.6			2.1				2.1
Unfinished Oils			(396.0)				(396.0)			(7.9)				(7.9)
Waxes			40.0				40.0			0.8				0.8
Other Wax & Misc.			0.0				0.0			(2.7)				(2.7)
Total Petroleum	1,387.0	752.8	8,449.6	22,075.5	1,052.0	525.0		26.2	14.9	98.0	396.9	22.5	10.3	568.8
Geothermal	.,		-,	_,	0.026		0.026					0.053		0.053
TOTAL (All Fuels)	6,541.1	3,834.2	20,314.0	22,718.6		534.6	74,579.8	101.0	60.2	291.9	406.1	490.7	10.524	1,360.6
*Adjustments include: internat														.,

Table A-6: 1992 Energy Consumption Data and CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion by Fuel Type

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Cons	umption	(TBtu)			Emis	sions (MM	TCE) inc		justments	s* and Fra	action
Fuel Type	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Oxidized Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total
Residential Coal	56.7	Comm.	iiiu.	mans.	Othlity	Ten.	56.7	1.5	Comm.	iiiu.	mans.	Othlity	1611.	1.5
Commercial Coal	30.7	85.7					85.7	1.5	2.2					2.2
Industrial Coking Coal		00.7	867.4				867.4		2.2	21.2				21.2
Industrial Other Coal			1,573.1				1,573.1			40.7				40.7
Coke Imports			27.2				27.2			0.7				0.7
Transportation Coal				0.0			0.0			0.7	0.0			0.0
Utility Coal				0.0	16,192.0		16,192.0				0.0	411.8		411.8
US Territory Coal (bit)					. 0, . 02.0	8.8	8.8						0.2	0.2
Total Coal	56.7	85.7	2.467.7	0.0	16,192.0	8.8	18,811	1.5	2.2	62.6	0.0	411.8	0.2	478.3
Natural Gas	4,821.1	2,884.2	8,996.3	608.4	2,828.5	NA	20,138	69.4	41.5	126.1	8.8	40.7	NA	286.5
Asphalt & Road Oil	0.0	0.0	1,102.2	0.0	0.0		1,102.2	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
Aviation Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.1	0.0		41.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8
Distillate Fuel Oil	864.9	464.0	1,144.5	3,810.2	67.3	78.2	6,429.1	17.1	9.2	22.1	73.6	1.3	1.5	124.8
Jet Fuel	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,001.3	0.0	61.9	3,063.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	46.6	0.0	1.2	47.8
Kerosene	65.0	11.1	9.8	0.0	0.0		85.9	1.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7
LPG	382.5	67.5	1,859.8	18.4	0.0	11.8	2,340.0	6.4	1.1	12.7	0.3	0.0	0.2	20.8
Lubricants	0.0	0.0	170.0	160.5	0.0	0.0	330.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	1.6	0.0	0.0	3.3
Motor Gasoline	0.0	79.5	194.3	13,698.8	0.0	114.4	14,087.0	0.0	1.5	3.7	263.4	0.0	2.2	270.8
Residual Fuel	0.0	191.2	391.3	1,082.0	835.6	154.6	2,654.7	0.0	4.1	8.2	6.7	17.8	3.3	40.0
Other Petroleum						61.4	61.4						1.1	1.1
AvGas Blend Components			0.2				0.2			0.0				0.0
Crude Oil			27.4				27.4			0.5				0.5
MoGas Blend Components			75.7				75.7			1.5				1.5
Misc. Products			100.1				100.1			2.0				2.0
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)			377.3				377.3			1.7				1.7
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)			814.9				814.9			8.1				8.1
Pentanes Plus			322.7				322.7			4.9				4.9
Petrochemical Feedstocks			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Petroleum Coke			813.1		30.1		843.2			19.0		8.0		19.9
Still Gas			1,447.6				1,447.6			24.9				24.9
Special Naphtha			104.6				104.6			2.1				2.1
Unfinished Oils			(355.0)				(355.0)			(7.1)				(7.1)
Waxes			37.3				37.3			0.7				0.7
Other Wax & Misc.	4 0 4 0 4	040.0	0.0	04 040 0		400.0	0.0	040	40.4	(2.7)		40.0		(2.7)
Total Petroleum	1,312.4	813.3	8,637.7	21,812.3	933.0	482.3	33,991.0	24.8	16.1	104.3	392.9	19.9	9.5	567.5
Geothermal	0.400.0	0.700.0	00.404.7	00.400.7	0.028	404.0	0.028	05.7	50.0	000.0	404 =	0.057	0.740	0.057
*Adjustments include: internat	6,190.2		20,101.7		19,953.5	491.2	72,940.4	95.7	59.9	292.9	401.7	472.5	9.713	1332.4

Table A-7: 1991 Energy Consumption Data and CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion by Fuel Type

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Cons	umption	(TBtu)			Emis	sions (MM	TCE) inc		justments	s* and Fra	ection
Fuel Type	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total	Res.	Comm.	Ind.	Oxidized Trans.	Utility	Terr.	Total
Residential Coal	56.3	•			· · · · · · · ·		56.3	1.4	••••			•		1.4
Commercial Coal	00.0	84.5					84.5		2.2					2.2
Industrial Coking Coal			907.3				907.3			22.6				22.6
Industrial Other Coal			1,629.2				1,629.2			42.0				42.0
Coke Imports			8.9				8.9			0.2				0.2
Transportation Coal				0.0			0.0				0.0			0.0
Utility Coal					16,012.4		16,012.4					407.2		407.2
US Territory Coal (bit)					. 0,0	7.8	7.8						0.2	0.2
Total Coal	56.3	84.5	2,545.4	0.0	16,012.4	7.8	18,706	1.4	2.2	64.8	0.0	407.2	0.2	475.9
Natural Gas	4,685.0	2,807.7	8,637.2	621.5	2,853.6	NA	19,605	67.5	40.4	120.5	8.9	41.1	NA	278.4
Asphalt & Road Oil	0.0	0.0	1,076.5	0.0	0.0		1,076.5	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
Aviation Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.7	0.0		41.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8
Distillate Fuel Oil	831.5	481.6	1,139.2	3,677.6	80.0	71.4	6,281.3	16.4	9.5	21.9	71.0	1.6	1.4	121.8
Jet Fuel	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,025.0	0.0	78.3	3,103.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.6	0.0	1.5	49.1
Kerosene	72.3	12.1	11.4	0.0	0.0	. 0.0	95.8	1.4	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9
LPG	389.5	68.7	1.749.3	19.9	0.0	13.8	2.241.2	6.5	1.2	11.0	0.3	0.0	0.2	19.3
Lubricants	0.0	0.0	166.7	157.5	0.0	0.0	324.2	0.0	0.0	1.7	1.6	0.0	0.0	3.2
Motor Gasoline	0.0	85.0	193.3		0.0	117.0	13,897.9	0.0	1.6	3.7	259.5	0.0	2.2	267.0
Residual Fuel	0.0	213.2	335.9	1,031.9	1,076.1	134.6	2.791.7	0.0	4.5	7.1	6.3	22.9	2.9	43.6
Other Petroleum	0.0		000.0	.,000	.,0.0	122.1	122.1	0.0			0.0		2.2	2.2
AvGas Blend Components			(0.1)				(0.1)			(0.0)				(0.0)
Crude Oil			38.9				38.9			0.8				0.8
MoGas Blend Components			(25.9)				(25.9)			(0.5)				(0.5)
Misc. Products			152.6				152.6			3.1				3.1
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)			298.9				298.9			1.3				1.3
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)			827.3				827.3			8.2				8.2
Pentanes Plus			294.0				294.0			4.7				4.7
Petrochemical Feedstocks			0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0
Petroleum Coke			700.2		21.7		722.0			17.1		0.6		17.7
Still Gas			1,426.6				1,426.6			24.4				24.4
Special Naphtha			88.0				88.0			1.7				1.7
Unfinished Oils			(450.2)				(450.2)			(9.0)				(9.0)
Waxes			35.1				35.1			0.7				0.7
Other Wax & Misc.			0.0				0.0			(3.7)				(3.7)
Total Petroleum	1,293.3	860.6		21,456.2	1,177.8	537.2		24.4	17.1	94.3	387.0	25.1	10.4	558.3
Geothermal	-,		-,	-,	0.028		0.028		-			0.057		0.057
TOTAL (All Fuels)	6,034.6	3,752.8	19,240.4	22,077.7	20,043.8	544.9	71,694.3	93.3	59.7	279.6	396.0	473.5	10.606	1,312.6
*Adjustments include: internat							,							.,

Table A-8: 1990 Energy Consumption Data and CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion by Fuel Type

Fuel Type Res. Comm. Ind. Trans. Utility Terr. Total Trans. Utility Terr. Total Res. Comm. Ind. Trans. Utility Terr. Total Trans	and Fraction Terr. Total 1.6		justments	dina Adi	TCE) incl	-: /BABA									
Residential Coal Comm. Ind. Trans. Utility Terr. Total Res. Comm. Ind. Trans. Utility Terr. Total Territory State St		_				Sions (IVIIVI	Emiss								
Residential Coal G1.9 Commercial Coal G1.9 G1.9 G2.4 G2.5 G2.4 G2.5 G2.4 G2.5				xidized											
Commercial Coal	1.6	Terr.	Utility	Γrans.	Ind.	Comm.	Res.	Total	Terr.	Utility	Trans.	Ind.	Comm.		Fuel Type
Industrial Coking Coal							1.6							61.9	
Industrial Other Coal	2.4					2.4							92.9		
Coke Imports 4.8 4.8 4.8 0.0 16,087.8 7.0 8.0 8.0 8.5 9.0 409.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0	25.9														
Transportation Coal Utility Coal US Territory Coal (bit) 0.0 16,087.8 Total Coal 0.0 16,087.8 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 0.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 0.0 409.0 409.0 409.0 Natural Gas 4,518.7 4,518.7 2,698.1 2,698.1 4,518.7 8,519.7 682.4 682.4 682.4 2,861.4 2,861.4 NA 19,280 NA 11,170.2 11,170.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	42.4														
Utility Coal 16,087.8 16,087.8 16,087.8 16,087.8 16,087.8 409.0 US Territory Coal (bit) 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 18,942 1.6 2.4 68.5 0.0 409.0 Natural Gas 4,518.7 2,698.1 8,519.7 682.4 2,861.4 NA 19,280 65.1 38.8 118.6 9.8 41.2 Asphalt & Road Oil 0.0	0.1				0.1							4.8			Coke Imports
US Territory Coal (bit) Total Coal Natural Gas Asphalt & Road Oil Distillate Fuel Oil Say, 487.0 Total Coal Output Distillate Fuel Output	0.0			0.0							0.0				
Total Coal 61.9 92.9 2,692.7 0.0 16,087.8 7.0 18,942 1.6 2.4 68.5 0.0 409.0 Natural Gas 4,518.7 2,698.1 8,519.7 682.4 2,861.4 NA 19,280 65.1 38.8 118.6 9.8 41.2 Asphalt & Road Oil 0.0 0.	409.0		409.0							16,087.8					Utility Coal
Natural Gas 4,518.7 2,698.1 8,519.7 682.4 2,861.4 NA 19,280 65.1 38.8 118.6 9.8 41.2 Asphalt & Road Oil 0.0 0.0 1,170.2 0.0 <td< td=""><td>0.2 0.2</td><td>0.2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>7.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	0.2 0.2	0.2						7.0							
Asphalt & Road Oil 0.0 0.0 1,170.2 0.0 0.0 1,170.2 0.0 <	0.2 481.6										0.0				Total Coal
Aviation Gasoline 0.0 0.0 0.0 45.0 0.0 45.0 0.0<	NA 273.5	NA	41.2	9.8	118.6	38.8	65.1	19,280	NA	2,861.4	682.4	8,519.7	2,698.1	4,518.7	Natural Gas
Distillate Fuel Oil 837.4 487.0 1,180.9 3,830.5 86.3 74.0 6,496.1 16.5 9.6 22.9 74.2 1.7 Jet Fuel 0.0 0.0 0.0 3,129.5 0.0 61.0 3,190.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 49.6 0.0 Kerosene 63.9 11.8 12.3 0.0 0.0 88.0 1.2 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,170.2		0.0	0.0	1,170.2	0.0	0.0	Asphalt & Road Oil
Jet Fuel 0.0 0.0 0.0 3,129.5 0.0 61.0 3,190.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 49.6 0.0 Kerosene 63.9 11.8 12.3 0.0 0.0 88.0 1.2 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45.0		0.0	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Aviation Gasoline
Kerosene 63.9 11.8 12.3 0.0 0.0 88.0 1.2 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.0	1.5 126.4	1.5	1.7	74.2	22.9	9.6	16.5	6,496.1	74.0	86.3	3,830.5	1,180.9	487.0	837.4	Distillate Fuel Oil
	1.2 50.8	1.2	0.0	49.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,190.5	61.0	0.0	3,129.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	Jet Fuel
IDC 2650 644 16077 219 00 144 20722 61 44 440 04 00	0.0 1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	1.2	88.0		0.0	0.0	12.3	11.8	63.9	Kerosene
LFG 303.0 04.4 1,007.7 21.0 0.0 14.4 2,073.3 0.1 1.1 11.0 0.4 0.0	0.2 18.8	0.2	0.0	0.4	11.0	1.1	6.1	2,073.3	14.4	0.0	21.8	1,607.7	64.4	365.0	LPG
Lubricants 0.0 0.0 186.3 176.0 0.0 0.0 362.3 0.0 0.0 1.9 1.8 0.0	0.0 3.6	0.0	0.0	1.8	1.9	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	176.0	186.3	0.0	0.0	Lubricants
Motor Gasoline 0.0 110.6 184.1 13,577.1 0.0 101.0 13,972.8 0.0 2.1 3.5 260.9 0.0	1.9 268.5	1.9	0.0	260.9	3.5	2.1	0.0	13,972.8	101.0	0.0	13,577.1	184.1	110.6	0.0	Motor Gasoline
Residual Fuel 0.0 233.1 417.2 1,030.2 1,139.4 121.8 2,941.7 0.0 5.0 8.8 6.8 24.2	2.6 47.3	2.6	24.2	6.8	8.8	5.0	0.0		121.8	1,139.4	1,030.2	417.2	233.1	0.0	Residual Fuel
Other Petroleum 85.9 85.9	1.5 1.5	1.5						85.9	85.9						Other Petroleum
AvGas Blend Components 0.2 0.2 0.0	0.0				0.0							0.2			AvGas Blend Components
Crude Oil 50.9 50.9 1.0	1.0				1.0			50.9							Crude Oil
MoGas Blend Components 53.7 53.7 1.0	1.0				1.0			53.7				53.7			MoGas Blend Components
Misc. Products 137.8 137.8 2.8	2.8				2.8			137.8				137.8			Misc. Products
Naphtha (<401 deg. F) 347.8 347.8 1.6	1.6				1.6			347.8				347.8			Naphtha (<401 deg. F)
Other Oil (>401 deg. F) 753.9 753.9 753.9 7.4	7.4				7.4			753.9				753.9			Other Oil (>401 deg. F)
Pentanes Plus 250.3 250.3 3.3	3.3				3.3			250.3				250.3			Pentanes Plus
Petrochemical Feedstocks 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0				0.0			0.0				0.0			Petrochemical Feedstocks
Petroleum Coke 719.9 24.7 744.6 17.3 0.7	18.0		0.7		17.3			744.6		24.7		719.9			Petroleum Coke
Still Gas 1,473.2 1,473.2 25.2	25.2				25.2			1,473.2				1,473.2			Still Gas
Special Naphtha 107.1 107.1 2.1	2.1				2.1			107.1				107.1			Special Naphtha
Unfinished Oils (369.0) (369.0) (7.4)	(7.4)							(369.0)				(369.0)			Unfinished Oils
Waxes 33.3 33.3 0.7	`0.7														Waxes
Other Wax & Misc. 0.0 0.0 (3.4)	(3.4)				(3.4)										Other Wax & Misc.
Total Petroleum 1,266.3 906.9 8,317.9 21,810.1 1,250.4 458.2 34,009.8 23.9 18.0 100.0 394.5 26.6	8.9 572.0	8.9	26.6	394.5		18.0	23.9		458.2	1,250.4	21,810.1		906.9	1,266.3	Total Petroleum
Geothermal 0.029 0.029 0.060						- -					,	-,-		,	
TOTAL (All Fuels) 5,846.9 3,697.9 19,530.3 22,492.5 20,199.6 465.2 72,232.4 90.6 59.2 287.1 404.3 476.9	0.060		0.000					0.029		0.029					Geothermai

Table A-9: 1997 Emissions From International Bunker Fuel Consumption

Fuel Type	Bunker Fuel Consumption (TBtu)	Carbon Content Coefficient (MMTCE/QBtu) ³	Carbon Content (MMTCE)	Fraction Oxidized	Emissions (MMTCE)
Distillate Fuel Oil	79.4	19.95	1.6	0.99	1.6
Jet Fuel	726.5	19.33	14.0	0.99	13.9
Residual Fuel Oil	523.2	21.49	11.2	0.99	11.1
Total	1,329.1		26.9		26.6

Table A-10: 1997 Non-Energy Use Carbon Stored In Products

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		nergy	Carbon Content	Carbon	Content	Fraction	Carbon	Stored (N	MTCE)
	U	se							
	(TE	Btu)	Coefficient	(MM	TCE)	Sequestere			
						d			
Fuel Type	Ind.	Trans.	(MMTCE/QBtu)	Ind.	Trans.		Ind.	Trans.	Total
Industrial Coking Coal	27.7		25.55	0.7	0.0	0.75	0.5	0.0	0.5
Natural Gas	391.4		14.47	5.7	0.0	1.00	5.7	0.0	5.7
Asphalt & Road Oil	1,223.6		20.62	25.2	0.0	1.00	25.2	0.0	25.2
LPG	1,651.3		16.86	27.8	0.0	0.80	22.3	0.0	22.3
Lubricants	182.3	172.1	20.24	3.7	3.5	0.50	1.8	1.7	3.6
Pentanes Plus	295.4		18.24	5.4	0.0	0.80	4.3	0.0	4.3
Petrochemical Feedstocks									
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)	536.4		18.14	9.7	0.0	0.75	7.3	0.0	7.3
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)	861.2		19.95	17.2	0.0	0.50	8.6	0.0	8.6
Still Gas	2.5		17.51	0.0	0.0	0.80	0.0	0.0	0.0
Petroleum Coke	179.0		27.85	5.0	0.0	0.50	2.5	0.0	2.5
Special Naphtha	72.3		19.86	1.4	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Wax & Misc.									
Distillate Fuel Oil	46.6		19.95	0.9	0.0	0.50	0.5	0.0	0.5
Residual Fuel Oil	7.5		21.49	0.2	0.0	0.50	0.1	0.0	0.1
Waxes	43.7		19.81	0.9	0.0	1.00	0.9	0.0	0.9
Miscellaneous	97.7		20.23	2.0	0.0	1.00	2.0	0.0	2.0
Total	5,618.6	172.1		105.8	3.5		81.7	1.7	83.4

 $^{^3}$ One QBtu is one quadrillion Btu, or 10^{15} Btu. This unit is commonly referred to as a "Quad."

Table A-11: Key Assumptions for Estimating Carbon Dioxide Emissions

Fuel Type	Carbon Content Coefficient (MMTCE/QBtu)	Fraction Oxidized
Coal		
Residential Coal	[a]	0.99
Commercial Coal	[a]	0.99
Industrial Coking Coal	[a]	0.99
Industrial Other Coal	[a]	0.99
Coke Imports	27.85	0.99
Transportation Coal	NC	0.99
Utility Coal	[a]	0.99
U.S. Territory Coal (bit)	25.14	0.99
Natural Gas	14.47	0.995
Petroleum		
Asphalt & Road Oil	20.62	0.99
Aviation Gasoline	18.87	0.99
Distillate Fuel Oil	19.95	0.99
Jet Fuel	[a]	0.99
Kerosene	19.72	0.99
LPG	[a]	0.99
Lubricants	20.24	0.99
Motor Gasoline	[a]	0.99
Residual Fuel	21.49	0.99
Other Petroleum	20.23	0.99
AvGas Blend Components	18.87	0.99
Crude Oil	[a]	0.99
MoGas Blend Components	19.39	0.99
Misc. Products	20.23	0.99
Naphtha (<401 deg. F)	18.14	0.99
Other Oil (>401 deg. F)	19.95	0.99
Pentanes Plus	18.24	0.99
Petrochemical Feedstocks	19.37	0.99
Petroleum Coke	27.85	0.99
Still Gas	17.51	0.99
Special Naphtha	19.86	0.99
Unfinished Oils	20.23	0.99
Waxes	19.81	0.99
Other Wax & Misc.	19.81	0.99
Geothermal	2.05	-

Sources: Carbon coefficients and stored carbon from EIA. Combustion efficiency for coal from Bechtel (1993) and for petroleum and natural gas from IPCC (IPCC/UNEP/OECD/IEA 1997, vol. 2).

⁻ Not applicable

NC (Not Calculated)

[[]a] These coefficients vary annually due to fluctuations in fuel quality (see Table A-12).

Table A-12: Annually Variable Carbon Content Coefficients by Year (MMTCE/QBtu)

Fuel Type	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
Residential Coal	25.92	26.00	26.13	25.97	25.95	26.00	25.92	25.92
Commercial Coal	25.92	26.00	26.13	25.97	25.95	26.00	25.92	25.92
Industrial Coking Coal	25.51	25.51	25.51	25.51	25.52	25.53	25.55	25.55
Industrial Other Coal	25.58	25.60	25.62	25.61	25.63	25.63	25.61	25.61
Utility Coal	25.68	25.69	25.69	25.71	25.72	25.74	25.74	25.74
LPG	16.99	16.98	16.99	16.97	17.01	17.00	16.99	16.99
Motor Gasoline	19.41	19.41	19.42	19.43	19.45	19.38	19.36	19.35
Jet Fuel	19.40	19.40	19.39	19.37	19.35	19.34	19.33	19.33
Crude Oil	20.16	20.18	20.22	20.22	20.21	20.23	20.25	20.24

Source: EIA

Table A-13: Electricity Consumption by End-Use Sector (Billion Kilowatt-hours)

End-Use Sector	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
Residential	924	955	936	995	1,008	1,043	1,082	1,072
Commercial	839	856	851	886	914	954	981	1,008
Industrial	946	947	973	977	1,008	1,013	1,030	1,036
Transportation	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
U.S. Territories*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,713	2,762	2,763	2,861	2,935	3,013	3,098	3,120

^{*}EIA electric utility fuel consumption data does not include the U.S. territories.

- Not applicable Source: EIA